**PRACTICE TEST 33 (TỪ 6/4 ĐẾN 11/4)**

**DE 5 SGD HA NOI**

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

**1.** A. sport**s** B. shop**s** C. speed**s** D. stick**s**

**2.** A. l**o**ve B. b**o**x C. pr**o**blem D. h**o**bby

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.**

**3.** A. relate B. contain C. boredom D. informed

**4.** A. adolescence B. relaxation C. favourable D. concentration

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

**5.** At the moment, aid agencies are focusing their efforts of women and children.

A. aid B. agencies C. focusing D. of

**6.** Jimmy asked whether I were stressed out and exhausted or not.

A. whether B. were C. and D. or

**7.** You must know when to giving sincere advice to your friends.

A. must B. to C. giving D. to

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

**8.** In recent years, there have been thousands of victims of sexual and physical \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. happiness B. sentence C. win D. abuse

**9.** When did \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ talk to him?

A. you last B. you lastly C. you late D. you lately

**10.** Harrison’s greatest attribute is his ability to work \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ pressure.

A. under B. on C. in D. within

**11.** Hoa said she was very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and she didn’t want to go to the cinema with us.

A. tired B. smoothly C. fast D. quick

**12.** He wondered \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to tell the news to his parents.

A. how B. whom C. which D. what

**13.** She asked me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to another country in the region.

A. had I been B. I had been C. weather I had been D. if I had been

**14.** Nga’s dream is to be a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, but her parents want her to be a medical doctor.

A. music B. musical C. musicians D. musician

**15.** Ngoc got a bad mark for his English test. He must have been really\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. disappointed B. happy C. interested D. relaxing

**16.** He went to the office \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ check the progress of the work.

A. for the purpose B. by the reason C. so far as D. in order to

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.**

**17.** “My life’s got stuck these days. I am so depressed and unable to think of anything.” -"\_\_\_\_\_."

A. You will be tired B. Stay calm. Everything will be alright.

C. Stay stuck there. D. No, thanks.

**18.** “Mom, I’ve got the first rank in class this semester!” - “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. Let’s go! B. Well done! C. Never mind! D. Thank you!

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**19.** We will **join in** activities to improve our self-care skills.

A. interested in B. participate C. take part in D. take in

**20.** He was able to **incorporate** a multimedia slideshow into the lesson plan despite the school’s lack of equipment because his friend lent him a multimedia projector.

A. determine B. bestow C. include D. propose

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**21**. Many people **succeed** in controlling their negative emotions.

A. develop B. fail C. resolve D. pass

**22.** Although they hold similar political views, their religious beliefs present a **striking contrast.**

A. significant difference B. interesting resemblance

C. minor comparison D. complete coincidence

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits blank .**

Recently, a study in the USA showed that 75% of high school students **(23)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** in tests and exams. If we include (24)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ homework, the number is 90%. Many students don’t even realize that (25)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they’re doing is wrong. They think that cheating is OK now because it’s (26)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

In the past, weaker students cheated but now cheats are often clever kids who need higher grades. There is more competition today.

One high school student says, “There’s big (27)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to get into a good university. You have to get good marks, and to get good marks some teens think they have to cheat.”

**23.** A. has cheated B. are cheating C. have cheated D. cheat

**24.** A. copied B. to copy C. copying D. copy

**25**. A. which B. what C. why D. where

**26.** A. common B. often C. usually D. plenty

**27.** A. pressure B. nervous C. tense D. feeling

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer.**

**What is it like being a teenager in Britain? *‎School***
‎British teenagers spend most of their time at school. Students in Britain can leave school at sixteen (grade 11). This is also the age when most students take their first important exams, the GCSE (General Certificate of Secondary Education). Most teens take between 5 -10 subjects, which means a lot of studying. They are spending more time on homework than teenagers ever before. Forget watching TV, teenagers in Britain now spend 2 -3 hours on homework after school. ***‎School uniform***
‎Visit almost any school in Britain and the first thing you’ll notice is the school uniform. Although school uniform has its advantages, when they are 15 or 16 most teenagers are tired of wearing it. When there is more than one school in a town, school uniforms can **highlight** differences between schools. In London there are many cases of bullying and fighting between pupils from different schools.

***Clothes and looks***
‎In Britain, some teens judge you by the shirt or trainers you are wearing. 40% of British teenagers believe it’s important to wear designer labels. If you want to follow the crowd, you need to wear trendy labels. Teenagers in Britain wear fashionable trainers and the more expensive, the better.

**28. *Most students in Britain take the GCSE when \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

A. they finish grade 10 B. they begin grade 11

C. they are 11 years old D. they are 16 years old

**29.** *The word* **“highlight”** *in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.*

A. remark B. confuse C. decrease D. emphasize

**30. *What do most teenagers in Britain prefer to wear?***

A. fashionable hats B. economical trainers

C. trendy labels D. expensive uniforms

**31. *What is the first thing you’ll notice when you visit almost any school in Britain?***

A. the school logo B. the school gate

C. the school uniform D. the school playground

**32. *According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT true?***

A. Most British teenagers spend 2-3 hours watching TV after school.

B. Students in Britain can take 8 subjects at the GCSE.

C. Most 16-year-old students in Britain don’t like school uniforms.

D. Many British teenagers judge their friends by their shirts or trainers.

**Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.**

**33. *"You should take more exercise, Mr. Hung" the doctor said.***

A. The doctor asked Mr. Hung to take more exercise.

B. The doctor advised Mr. Hung to take more exercise.

C. The doctor ordered Mr. Hung to take more exercise.

D. The doctor suggested Mr. Hung to take more exercise.

**34. *She doesn’t know where she should go now.***

A. She doesn’t know where to goes now.

B. She has no idea of where she might go now.

C. She has no idea the place she should go now.

D. She doesn’t know where to go now.

**35. *“You’ve passed your driving test, Binh! Well done!” said Mai.***

A. Mai congratulated Binh on having passed his driving test.

B. Mai congratulated Binh on passed his driving test.

C. Mai congratulated Binh to have passed his driving test.

D. Mai congratulated on Binh having passed his driving test.

**36. *He said he wouldn"t have enough time to finish the job the following day.***

A. He said: "I won’t have enough time to finish the job the following day".

B. He said: "I won’t has enough time to finish the job tomorrow”.

C. He said: "I won’t have enough time to finish the job the following day”.

D. He said: "I won’t have enough time to finish the job tomorrow".

**37. *The traffic in big cities is horrible. I can"t bear it.***

A. I can"t put out the horrible traffic in big cities.

B. I can"t put down on the horrible traffic in big cities.

C. I can"t put off the horrible traffic in big cities.

D. I can"t put up with the horrible traffic in big cities.

**38*. Dave was pressed because his parents highly expected his study results.***

A. Dave was pressed despite of his parents’ high expectation of his study results.

B. Dave was pressed because of his parents have high expectation of his study results.

C. Dave was pressed because of his parents’ high expectation of his study results.

D. Dave was pressed in spite of his parents’ high expectation of his study results.

**39.** ***It took me 4 hours to read the first chapter of the book.***

A. I spent 4 hours to read the first chapter of the book.

B. I spent 4 hours to reading the first chapter of the book.

C. I spent 4 hours read the first chapter of the book.

D. I spent 4 hours reading the first chapter of the book.

**40. *"Should I tell her the truth about her misery?" she asked herself.***

A. She wondered if she told her the truth about her misery.

B. She wondered whether to tell her the truth about her misery.

C. She wondered whether she tells her the truth about her misery.

D. She wondered if tell her the truth about her misery.