**PRACTICE TEST 36 (TỪ 27/4 ĐẾN 2/5)**

**ĐỀ SỐ 7- SGD HÀ NỘI**

**Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

1. A. watched     B. played C. talked D. laughed

2. A. behave B. paradise C. cavern     D. relax

**Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others in each of the following questions.**

3. A. preserve B. transport C. custom D. value

4. A. wonder   B. limestone C. history D. exciting

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

5. Nam asked Mai what he can do to help her.

A. to help B. asked C. her D. he can

6. People in the South speak more direct than people in the North do.

A. people B. more direct C. do D. in

7. My mother says she used writing a diary when she was young.

A. says B. was C. when D. writing

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

8. You must be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when you open that door.

A. carefully B. care C. careless D. careful

9. Please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the lights. It’s getting dark.

A. go out B. turn on C. go away D. turn off

10. The bus \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ before I reached the bus-stop.

A. leaves B. was leaving C. had left D. left

11. We need to take \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to help preserve historical buildings.

A. activity B. action C. distance D. condition

12. Viet got up late, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he couldn’t catch the first bus.

A. because B. so C. but D. although

13. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all the natural and man-made wonders of Viet Nam.

A. visit B. could visit C. will visit D. am visiting

14. That’s too expensive! I suggest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by train.

A. going B. go C. to go D. to going

15. Tet holiday is the most important traditional festival \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Vietnamese people.

A. at B. for C. about D. in

16. Don’t eat those vegetables. They’re \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. poisonous B. fresh C. clean D. healthy

**Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following conversations.**

17. Sue: “This morning I was stuck in a traffic jam for an hour.”

Jack: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Good job! B. That’s Ok. C. How bad! D. That’s exciting

18. Nga: “I can’t join the trip to Bat Trang with you all.”

Trang: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. How do you go there? B. What a pity! C. How was that? D. That’s awesome!

**Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSET in meaning to the underlined words in each of the following questions.**

19. I hope to **come back** to New Zealand one day in the future.

A. go B. see C. return D. visit

20. You shouldn’t walk at night alone in this area. It’s very **dangerous.**

A. crowded B. unsafe C. convenient D. entertaining

**Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.**

21. Watching the movie with all of my school friends was fun, but it was too **lengthy.**

A. nice B. funny C. silly D. short

22. Linh often volunteers to do presentations in front of the class. She’s a very **confident** student.

A. friendly B. sociable C. shy D. responsible

**Read the following passage about Chu Van An High School in Ha Noi, and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word that best fits blank** .

Chu Van An High School is one of the oldest and most prestigious public schools in Viet Nam. Established (23) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1908 by the French, the school is located by the West Lake, and was originally named (24) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the location it was in. It is a very pleasant, spacious school with a great view of the lake from the classroom windows.

In 1943, the school was moved to Ninh Binh, and was moved back to Ha Noi in 1945. In that year, the school was renamed Chu Van An after a famous Vietnamese Confucianism teacher of the Tran Dynasty. Professor Nguyen Gia Tuong (25) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the first Vietnamese principal of the school. Many famous people like ex-Prime Minister Pham Van Dong, Doctor Ton That Tung and poet Xuan Dieu used to be the school’s students.

Today, the school is still located in the same area and has maintained its prestige, as well as its reputation as one of the top high schools in Ha Noi. It is very difficult (26) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the school. Every year, there are around three thousand (27) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ but only about five hundred of them are admitted. Those applicants have to take an entrance examination conducted by the Department of Education and Training of Ha Noi.

23. A. at B. of C. in D. on

24. A. after B. about C. with D. for

25. A. had B. took C. became D. got

26. A. to be admitted B. admitting C. be admitted D. to admit

27. A. visitors B. applicants C. teachers D. student

**Read the following passage and mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that best fits each of the numbered blanks.**

Unlike life in the countryside, which is often considered to be simple and traditional, life in cities is modern and complicated. People, from different regions, move to cities to seek a better life for them and their children. The inhabitants in cities work as secretaries, businessmen, teachers, government employees, factory workers and even street vendors or construction workers.

The high cost of living requires city dwellers, especially those with low incomes, to work harder or to take part-time jobs. For many people, an ordinary day starts as usual by getting up in the early morning to do exercise in public parks, preparing for a full day of work and study, then travelling along boulevards or narrow streets filled with motorists and returning home after a busy day. They usually live in large houses, or high-rise apartment blocks or even in small rented rooms equipped with modern facilities, like the Internet, telephones, televisions, and so on. Industrialization and modernization as well as global integration have big impacts on the lifestyle in cities. The most noticeable **impact** is the Western style of clothing. The“Ao Dai” – Vietnamese women’s traditional dresses are no longer worn in their daily life. Instead, jeans, T-shirts and fashionable clothes are widely preferred.

***28. According to the passage, the city life can offer city dwellers all of the following things EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

A. the Internet B. modern facilities

C. a variety of jobs in different fields D. friendly communication with neighbors

***29. The word* “impacts” *in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

A. action B. force C. situation D. effects

***30. We can infer from the passage that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

A. there is a big gap between the rich and the poor in cities

B. people leave the countryside because the life there is simple

C. people do morning exercise in public parks because they have much free time

D. most of the urban dwellers have low incomes

***31. Industrialization and modernization may lead to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

A. global integration B. the disappearance of Western-styled clothing

C. some changes in lifestyle D. the fact that women no longer wear Ao Dai

***32. The most important reason why people move to cities is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

A. to look for a complicated life B. to look for a better life

C. to take part-time jobs D. to have busy days

**Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.**

***33. “John, please don’t tell anyone my new address”, said Mary****.*

A. Mary asked John don’t tell anyone her new address.

B. Mary asked John not to tell anyone his new address.

C. Mary asked John not tell anyone her new address.

D. Mary asked John not to tell anyone her new address.

***34. She is too young to see the horror film.***

A. She is not old enough to see the horror film.

B. She is so young for her to see the horror film.

C. She is so young for her to see the horror film.

D. She is so young that she can see the horror film.

***35. Unless you see Tom, you will not know the truth.***

A. You will not see Tom, so you will not know the truth.

B. You cannot know the truth because you have seen Tom.

C. You will know the truth if you see Tom.

D. You know the truth, but you will not see Tom.

***36. Dad started collecting stamps five years ago.***

A. Dad has collected stamps for 5 year. B. Dad was collecting stamps for five years.

C. Dad collected stamps for 5 years. D. Dad has been collecting stamps for five years.

**Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the meaningful sentence from the cues given.**

***37. we/ should/ think/ positive/ how/ protect/ environment/.***

A. We should think positive how protecting our environment.

B. We should think positively how to protecting our environment.

C. We should think positive how to protect our environment.

D. We should think positively how to protect our environment.

**38. *number/ Vietnamese student/ study/ overseas/ increase/ considerable/.***

A. The number of Vietnamese students studying overseas have increased considerable.

B. The number of Vietnamese students studying overseas has increased considerably.

C. The number of Vietnamese students study overseas has increased considerable.

D. Number of Vietnamese students to study overseas has increased considerably.

**39. *read/ newspaper/ morning/ give/ he/ please/.***

A. To read newspapers in the morning give him please

B. Read newspapers in the morning gives he please.

C. Reading newspapers on the morning will give him pleased.

D. Reading newspapers in the morning gives him pleasure.

**40. *fortunate/,/ biogas/ not/ total/ harmful/ people/.***

A. Fortunately, biogas is not total harmful for people.

B. Fortunately, biogas is not totally harmful with people.

C. Fortunately, biogas is not totally harmful to people.

D. Fortunate, biogas is not totally harmful of people.

**PRACTICE TEST 36 (TỪ 27/4 ĐẾN 2/5)**

**DE SO 8 SGD HA NOI**

**Mark the latter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

1. A. watched B. practiced C. walked D. enjoyed

2. A. sprays B. runs C. sleeps D. stands

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.**

3. A. student B. enjoy C. money D. music

4. A. mention B. federation C. option D. nation

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correct in each of the following questions.**

5. You have read this interesting article on the website, have you?

A. on B. interesting C. have you D. read

6. My sister enjoys listening to music and dance with her friends.

A. listening to B. music C. dance with D. friends

7. Jeans cloth made completely from cotton in the eighteenth century.

A. made B. from C. in D. completely

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following question.**

8. I wish Ann \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here. She will be able to help us.

A. were B. weren’t C. is D. wasn’t

**9.** Relax for some minutes and you"ll feel more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. comfortable B. comfort C. comfortably D. uncomfortable

10. I was tired, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I went to bed early last night.

A. because B. however C. although D. so

**11.** We were too tired\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ doing the washing up after the meal.

A. on B. of C. out D. over

**12.** Nam is a student. He always goes to \_\_\_\_\_\_ school at 6.30 in the morning.

A. the B. an C. a D. ∅

**13.** The children enjoy \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the zoo.

A. taking B. being taken C. took D. to play

**14.** We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_close friends since we were in grade 6.

A. will be B. have been C. were D. are

**15.** Thanh and Nga are going to Australia \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_learn English.

A. so as B. so that C. in order D. so as to

**16.** I am not in a hurry. I don’t mind \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. to waiting B. waiting C. to wait D. wait

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges**

17. Jane invites Mary to go to the cinema.

**Jane:** “Would you like to go to the cinema with me this weekend?”

**Mary:** “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. I agree with you B. Yes, I do C. Yes, it is D. Yes, I’d love to.

18. Mr. Smith is having lunch in a restaurant.

**Mr. Smith:** “ Could you bring me some water?”

**Waiter:** ”\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. No, I don’t B. **Certainly, sir**  C. I don’t wait D. No, thanks.

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

19. Around 150 B.C. the Greek astronomer Hipparchus developed a system to **classify**stars according to brightness.

A. diversify B. shine C. record       D. categorize

20. Ralph Nader was the most **prominent**leader of the U.S consumer protection movement.

A. casual                   B. aggressive C. significant            D. promiscuous

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

21. During the five- decade history the Asian Games have been **advancing**in all aspects.

A. holding by B. holding  at             C. holding  to             D. holding  back

22. The distinction between schooling and education **implied**by this remark is important.

A. odd B. explicit                 C. implicit                 D. obscure

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the blank .**

Mr. Brown and some volunteer conservationists are on a very dirty beach now. Today they are ready (23)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the beach a clean and beautiful place again. After listening to Mr. Brown’s instructions, they are divided (24)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ three groups.

Group 1 and group 2 should check the sand, and group 3 has to check among the rocks. Garbage must be put into plastic bags, and they will be **(25)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** by Mr. Brown. He will take the bags to the garbage dump. Each member will be given a map to find the right place. They won’t (26)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the picnic lunch provided by Mrs. Smith until the whole area is clean. They are all eager to work hard so as to refresh this (27)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ area.

23. A. make B. to make C. made D. making

24. A. on B. into C. in D. to

25. A. selected B. collected C. elected D. chosen

26. A. do B. make C. eat D. cook

27. A. spoiled B. spoils C. spoiling D. spoil

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

***Sydney*** was founded as a British colony in 1788. Sydney was the first everlasting European settlement in Australia and today it is the country"s largest city area, with about 4 million residents. Sydney is the seat of state government as the capital of New South Wales, Australia"s most populous and economically important state. The city is an active cultural centre with a varied economy based on service industries, tourism, manufacturing, and international commerce. Its port is one of the leading centers of **intercontinental** trade in the Asia-Pacific region. Sydney is located on Australia’s southeastern coast at Port Jackson, a large, sheltered, deep-water inlet of the Tasman Sea.

Sydney is well-known for its *Opera House*. The *Sydney Opera House* is the centerpiece of the city’s places for live performances of ballet, opera, and classical music. The Australian Opera, Australian Ballet, and Sydney Dance companies regularly stage performances there. Moreover, the place often hosts internationally touring performances. Sydney also has many places for musical theater, drama, and popular music. The Sydney Theatre Company is one of many successful theatre companies in the city. Sydney is also home to the internationally praised Australian Chamber Orchestra and Sydney Symphony Orchestra.

The cultural life of Sydney is exciting and varied, reflecting the multicultural nature of the city. Many festivals, parades, and outdoor concerts cheer up the city streets in the summer months. **Annual** events include the Sydney Festival in January and February, the Gay and Lesbian Mardi Gras in March, the Royal Easter Show in April, and the multicultural festival Carnival in September and October. Sydney has also become world renowned for its street parties and fireworks on New Year"s Eve and on Australia Day, celebrated on Sydney"s Founding date, January 26.

***28. According to the first paragraph, the following are true of Sydney EXCEPT……***

A. It was set up in the 18th  century.

B. Today it has a population of nearly 4 million people.

C. Europe had it as the first settlement in Australia.

D. Now Sydney is the capital of Australia.

***29. According to the second paragraph, which of the following is TRUE of the Sydney Opera House?***

A. Plays are not performed here.

B. This place hosts live modern music programs.

C. This building makes Sydney famous.

D.International film festivals are held here.

*30. The word* **intercontinental** *in the first paragraph could be best replaced with……*

A. out of continents        B. between continents

C. within continents D. into continents

*31. In the last paragraph, the word* “**annual**” *can be best replaced by……*

A. every year            B. all year round C. each year                D. yearly

***32. From the passage, it can be inferred that Sydney was established……***

A. on New Year’s Eve, 1791     B. in April, 1789

C. in January, 1788 D. in October, 1790

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.**

***33. People think the Samba is the most popular dance in Brazil.***

A. It is thought that the Samba was the most popular dance in Brazil.

B. It is thought that the Samba is among the most popular dances in Brazil.

C. The Samba is thought to be the most popular dance in Brazil.

D. In Brazil, the Samba is thought to be one of the most popular dances.

***34. The last time I saw Rose was three years ago.***

A. I didn’t see Rose for three years.

B. I haven’t seen Rose since three years.

C. I haven’t seen Rose for three years.

D. I haven’t seen Rose three years ago.

***35. “You’d better think carefully before applying for that job.” She said to me.***

A. She said me to think carefully before applying for that job.

B. She advised me to think carefully before applying that job.

C. She says me to think carefully before applying for that job.

D. She advise me to think carefully before applying for that job.

***36. He started working as an engineer 5 years ago.***

A. He has started working as an engineer since 5 years ago.

B. He didn’t work as an engineer any more.

C. He was working as an engineer 5 years ago.

D. He has worked as an engineer for 5 years.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.**

***37. The woman is trying to get a job. Her children are at school all day.***

A. The woman trying to get a job whose children are at school all day.

B. The woman whose children are trying to get a job is at school all day.

C. The woman who children are at school all day is trying to get a job.

D. The woman whose children are at school all day is trying to get a job.

***38. The new restaurant looks good. However, it seems to have few customers*.**

A. The new restaurant looks good but it seems to have few customers.

B. The new restaurant look good but it seems to have few customers.

C. The new restaurant looks good and it seems to have few customers.

D. The new restaurant looks well but it seems to have few customers.

***39. He read the poem to us yesterday. The poem has been translated into several languages.***

A. He reads the poem which has been translated into several languages to us yesterday.

B. He read the poem which has been translate into several languages to us yesterday.

C. He read the poem which have been translated into several languages to us yesterday.

D. He read the poem which has been translated into several languages to us yesterday.

***40. Mr. Ba is too old. That’s the reason why he can not continue the work.***

A. Mr Ba is too old to continue the work.

B. Mr Ba is too old continue the work.

C. Mr Ba is too old to continuing the work.

D. Mr Ba is too old and continue the work.