**PRACTICE TEST 11**

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

1. A. bag B. hat C. match D. call

2. A. nations B. speakers C. neighbors D. parents

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

3. A. account B. conserve C. install D. nature

4. A. energy B. natural C. appliance D. furniture

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

5. She is the elder among the three children, so she has to cook when her parents are away.

A. the elder B. children C. has D. away

6. About 2 million women remain illiterate in a world, mostly in developing countries.

A. About B. remain C. a D. developing

7. The gravity of the earth is too strong that no one can jump up to three meters.

A. gravity B. too C. can D. no one

8. The kids are interested in to play computer games in their free time.

A. are B. interested in C. to play D. their

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

9. This is the most beautiful place that I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. have visited B. has visited C. visited D. will visit

10. Students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ use a dictionary in any examinations.

A. can B. should C. mustn’t D. needn’t

11. David ate a lot of food \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he wasn’t very hungry.

A. despite B. although C. because of D. because

12. We need to take action immediately, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. won’t we B. haven’t we C. needn’t we D. don’t we

13. He practices speaking English \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than his friends.

A. frequent B. more frequent C. frequently D. more frequently

14. John doesn’t like skating and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ does his brother.

A. so B. too C. either D. neither

15. If we don’t find \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sources of power such as wind power and solar energy, we will use up all the fossil fuels in the near future.

A. alternative B. predictable C. efficient D. non-renewable

16. Are you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to wait for me when I go shopping?

A. such patient B. so patient C. enough patient D. patient enough

17. His phone \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ while he was on holiday.

A. steal B. was stolen C. stole D. is stolen

18. The book \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my mother gave me on my birthday is about choosing careers.

A. who B. whose C. which D. whom

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

19. Our visit to Ha Long Bay was great. It was such an **unforgettable** experience.

A. frightening B. boring C. uncomfortable D. memorable

20. My dad was trying to **mend** the broken door of the garage after the crash at this time yesterday.

A. destroy B. repair C.pull D. buy

***Mark the letter A, B, C or I) to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

21. In developing countries, a lot of people are still living in **poverty**.

A. difficulty B. illiteracy C.health D. wealth

22. **Local** crafters in Saigon will be offering their goods from the morning through the afternoon.

A. native B. indigenous C. national D. foreign

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.***

23. Laura is inviting Mike to her farewell party.

- Laura: “Would you like to come to my farewell party this weekend?”

- Mike: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. You’re welcome B. No, don’t worry C. Yes, I’d love to D. I’m afraid so

24. Jack and Tony, two secondary students, are playing near the river.

- Jack: “Let’s swim across the river.”

- Tony: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It’s dangerous.”

A. No, let’s not B. Yes, I’d love to C. No problem D. Great idea

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.***

In the early years of television, educational specialists believed that it would be very (25) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in teaching and learning. (26) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ schools have bought television sets with the hope that teachers can take full advantage of them to improve the quality of education; but actually, they are rarely used properly in classrooms. (27) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, children spend the majority of their out-of-school hours (28) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ TV and their typical school days proceed as if television did not exist.

There are some explanations for the failure of television to get the interest of the teachers. Firstly, the schools that purchased television sets have not set aside money for equipment repairs and maintenance, so these television sets are sooner or later out of work. Secondly, these schools have not found an (29) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ way to train teachers to integrate television into their ongoing instructional programs.

Lastly, most teachers do not regard the quality of television and its usefulness in the classroom.

25. A. useless B. useful C. inconvenient D. important

26. A. Much B. A C. Many D. A lot

27. A. However B. Therefore C. Moreover D. Nevertheless

28. A. watching B. watch C. to watch D. to watching

29. A. effect B. effective C. effectively D. effectiveness

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.***

30. “What have you done to avoid coronavirus?” Linda said to me.

A. Linda asked me what I had done to avoid coronavirus.

B. Linda asked me what had 1 done to avoid coronavirus.

C.Linda asked me what I done to avoid coronavirus.

D. Linda asked me what you had done to avoid coronavirus.

31. Because of her good performance, she received good comments.

A. Because her good performance, she received good comments.

B. Although her performance was good, she received good comments.

C.Despite her good performance, she received good comments.

D. Because her performance was good, she received good comments.

32.Study hard, and you will pass the exam.

A. If you study hard, you wouldn’t pass the exam.

B. If you don’t study hard, you will pass the exam.

C.If you study hard, you will pass the exam.

D. If you don’t study hard, you would pass the exam.

33.Vinfast Automobile Company will introduce a new car model.

A. A new car model will introduced by Vinfast Automobile Company.

B. A new car model will be introduce by Vinfast Automobile Company.

C.A new car model will introduced by Vinfast Automobile Company.

D. A new car model will be introduced by Vinfast Automobile Company.

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most meaningful sentence written from the given words.***

34. Mary / creative / her sister.

A. Mary is more creativer than her sister. B. Mary is more creative as her sister.

C. Mary is more creative than her sister. D. Mary is creativer than her sister.

35. I wish / I / see / Susan / off / the / airport / tonight.

A. I wish I could see Susan off at the airport tonight.

B. I wish I can see Susan off at the airport tonight.

C. I wish I saw Susan off at the airport tonight.

D. I wish I see Susan off at the airport tonight.

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

Plastic is a material we use every day. The first plastics were made more than 100 years ago from parts of plants. Plastics are now made from oil, coal and natural gas. We are using up these things so fast that the Earth’s supplies may run out. Because of this, scientists are investigating new ideas for making plastics from plants such as sweet potato, bamboo and flax.

Things made from plastic can be useful for people but bad for the planet. Some plastics can last for a long time without wearing out, and can be difficult to **get rid of** when they are not needed. They can remain in rubbish dumps for hundreds of years.

Recycling is a good way to solve the problems of unwanted plastics. Recycled waste materials can be used again to make new products. This can be difficult as different types of plastic need to be recycled in different ways. Some kinds of plastics can be melted down and used to make new things such as bags and bottles. Others can be made into fibres for clothing.

Another way to protect the environment is to use canvas bags for shopping instead of plastic ones. A lot of plastic objects can also be reused. Plastic bottles can be refilled many times, rather than thrown away once **they** are empty. Unwanted plastic goods such as CDs and toys can be sold or given away to charity shops.

36.What is the passage mainly about?

A. Plastic effects and solutions to the problem.

B. Plastic history and its usefulness.

C.The ways to reduce the harm of plastic.

D. Materials that plastic is made of.

37.The phrase **“get rid of’** in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. remove B. create C.keep D. make

38.According to the passage, things made from plastic are bad for our environment because.

A. they are dangerous to marine life

B. they are very useful for people

C.plastics can remain for a long time without decomposing

D. people reuse plastic objects before recycling them

39.The word **“they”** in paragraph 4 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. objects B. canvas bags C.toys D. plastic bottles

40. According to the text, which of the following is NOT TRUE about ways to protect the environment?

A. Recycled waste materials can be used again to make new products.

B. People should use canvas bags for shopping instead of plastic ones.

C. Unwanted plastic goods can be sold or given away to charity shops.

D. We use as many plastic objects as possible.