ĐỂ ÔN TẬP SỐ 01 KÌ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10

NĂM HỌC 2019-2020

Môn: Tiếng Anh ĐỀ THI THAM KHẢO Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút (không kể thời gian phát đề) (Đề thi có 03 trang) Mã đề thi 01 Số báo danh: Ho tên thí sinh: **I. MULTIPLE CHOICE: (8 points)** Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions from 1 to 2. Question 1: A. obtain B. obstacle C. advance D. absorb Question 2: A. honest B. home C. vehicles D. heiress Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions from 3 to 4. Question 3: A. participate C. facilitate B. hydrology D. intimacy Question 4: A. romantic B. financial C. popular D. reduction Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions from 5 to 7. Question 5: Harry, <u>alike</u> his colleagues, <u>is</u> trying <u>hard</u> to finish his work <u>early</u>. Question 6: You can apply for a better job when you will have had more experience. Question 7: He is the best-known author I have never heard of. Α B \mathbf{C} D Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 8 to 16. Question 8: He went to the office check the progress of the work. A. in order to B. so far as C. for the purpose D. by the reason Question 9: She asked me ______ to another country in the region. A. weather I had been B. if I had been C. I had been D. had I been Question 10: _____ have you been able to play the piano? A. When B. How many times C. Since when D. Why Question 11: It's no use _____ make him change his mind. C. trying and A. trying to B. to try to D. to trying to Question 12: He fell off the tree and A. was bad injured B. badly injured D. was injured himself badly C. was badly injured Question 13: When did _____ talk to him?

C. you lately

D. you late

B. you last

A. you lastly

Question 14:	appears consider	ably larger at the horizon	than it does overhead is
merely an optical	illusion.		
A. The Moon which	B. That the Moon	C. When the Moon	D. The Moon
	rvone expects Johnson to	Smith in today's	final
A. beat	B. win		D. champion
		roying the environment and	<u>=</u>
something now.	we are desi-	no ymg me en monnen un	a we need to do
A. truth	B. facts	C. things	D. information
		S	
		ur answer sheet to indic	
_		ng exchanges from 17 to	
	ould you pick the kids up	from school this afternoon	i?" - "No, I am afraid I
A. wouldn't	B. can't	C. shan't	D. don't
Ouestion 18: "Go	od morning, could I spea	ak to Mr. David, please?"; '	٠ ,,
	ing. Can I take a messag		
B. Probably by M	· ·		
• •	the person you want to	rino first	
	ald two o'clock be OK.	ing mst.	
D. Certainiy. Woo	and two o clock oc oix.		
Mark the letter	A R C or D on your a	nswer sheet to indicate th	ne word(s) CLOSEST
		each of the following que	
		ne of the safest and most de	
_	until people started impo		pendable cars on the
A. swift	B. enjoyable		D. exciting
	• •		•
	-	multimedia slideshow into	
	• •	s friend lent him a multime	
A. propose	B. determine	C. bestow	D. include
Mark the letter	A. B. C. or D on your a	nswer sheet to indicate the	e word(s) OPPOSITE
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	each of the following que	
		es mistaken for temporary l	
two are actually d		os imstanten for temporary i	rearm moorance, out the
A. transitory	B. passing	C. mutable	D. permanent
•		political views, their religion	*
striking contrast		official views, then feligion	as seriors present a
A. interesting rese		B. complete coincidence	د
_		-	,
C. significant diff	erence	D. minor comparison	

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 23 to 27.

After a tour	in Cu Chi, we are in	noving to Mot Thoa	ng Vietnam craft vil	lage (23
at Ph	nu Binh Village, Ho Cl	hi Minh City. Arrivii	ng at <i>Mot Thoang Vie</i>	etnam, w
observe on-the-spo	t (24) c	raft persons weave t	ho cam (ethnic broca	de fiber)
(25)	wooden logs into wor	nders and weave rat	tan into home appliar	nces. Mo
Thoang Vietnam	can (26)	_ your need to kno	ow what many of V	Vietnam'
traditional craft vill	ages are like. The quar	rter of craft villages a	t <i>Mot Thoang Vietnan</i>	n is quiet
but not boring (27)) craft p	persons chat amidst	the clacking sound or	f wooder
cudgels hitting a ch	isel caused by a sculpt	or or a loom used for	weaving cloth.	
Question 23:	A. located	B. locating	C. locate	D.
locates				
Question 24:	A. what	B. how	C. whether	D.
why				
Question 25:	A. knit	B. cast	C. weave	D.
carve				
Question 26:	A. satisfy	B. buy	C. make	D.
stop				
Question 27:	A. although	B. while	C. whereas	D.
as				

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 28 to 32.

Upon the creation of the United States, one of the core concepts on which the hopes for the new democracy were pinned was the ideal that its citizens would be enlightened individuals with clearly articulated rights and the opportunity for individual achievement and education. It was believed that in a free nation where the power belongs to the people, the commitment to education defines the progress of that democracy and is the catalyst for future progress. This core value has not only stood the test of time but has also grown in importance. In this new Information Era and international economy, education is an increasingly vital commodity, a precursor of potential success and a driving force of chance. It is important to recognize, however, that we approach education today differently than in the past, partly because the kinds of jobs people had didn't require the kind of basic education and specialized training that is often required in the workforce today. In the 1950s, for instance, only 20 percent of American jobs were classified as professional, 20 percent as skilled; and 60 percent as unskilled. Today, our world has changed. The proportion of unskilled jobs has fallen to 20 percent, while jobs now account for at least 60 percent of the workforce. Even more important, almost every job today increasingly requires a combination of academic knowledge and practical skills that require learning throughout a lifetime.

Question 28: Education is defined in this passage as a driving force of chance because

Question 29: The passage shows the percentage of jobs that require higher training in the US______ between 1950s and now.

A. without education, no changes could have happened in American society so far.

B. the government of the United States wants to drive social changes in their own ways.

C. education has helped to bring about and orient most changes in the American workforce.

D. any American citizen who wants to changes his driving license must be very well-educated.

Question 29: The passage shows the percentage of jobs that require higher training in the

A. has remained the same	B. has changed dramatically
C. has been reversed	D. has changed slightly
Question 30: The phrase "enlightened individuals" i "people who"	in the first sentence most likely means
A. always appear brilliant-looking in public	B. have often been well-exposed to light
C. have acquired an adequate level of education	
Question 31: In order to become a good American of	citizen today, in the author's point of view,
any individual must	
A. know well all his/her rights and be ready to grass	p his/her opportunity of success in life
B. study carefully the history of American education	•
their creation	
C. understand thoroughly the combination of acade	mic knowledge and practical skills
D. move actively forward in the new Information E	-
prestigious diploma	tu and international economy with a
Question 32: Which of the following titles would be	hest for the passage?
A. Education and Jobs in the Past and at Present in	1 0
B. The Significant Role of Education in American C	
C. Academic Knowledge and Practical Skills in Am	
_	
D. Recent Changes of Educational and Vocational S	Systems in America
H WDITING (2.0 maints)	
II. WRITING: (2.0 points)	
Finish the second sentence so that it has a similar	ar meaning to the first one, beginning
with the given words (questions from 33 to 36).	
Question 33: I'm really excited about the upcoming	, pottery workshop.
→ I'm looking	
Question 34: We invited a pop star to the chat show	, but he didn't arrive.
⇒ The pop star	
	·
Question 35: He misbehaved in the class so the teach	her asked him to go out.
⇒ The teacher asked	
	·
Question 36: The artisans carved figures of lions an	d unicorns on the top of the box.
⇒ Figures	
	·
Combine two sentences into a new one using the	given words in brackets. Do not change
the given words in any ways (questions from 37 t	20 40).
Question 37: Hoa was born in Doc So craft village.	She knows the process of making pottery.
(BECAUSE)	
Question 38: The library was hombed Many impor	tant historical documents were destroyed

Question 38: The library was bombed. Many important historical documents were destroyed. (WHEN)

Question 39: She entered the room. She knew there was something wrong. (AS SOON AS)
Question 40: We decided to take rooms in Longwood House. We knew we could not afford the rent. (EVEN THOUGH)
THE END

ANSWER KEYS:

1. B	2. B	3. D	4. C	5. A	6. C	7. C	8. A
9. B	10. C	11. A	12. C	13. B	14. B	15. A	16. B
17. B	18. A	19. C	20. D	21. D	22. B	23. A	24. B
25. D	26. A	27. D	28. C	29. B	30. C	31. A	32. B

Question 33: I'm looking forward to the upcoming pottery workshop.

Question 34: The pop star was invited to the chat show, but he didn't arrive.

Question 35: The teacher asked him to go out because he misbehaved in the class/ because of his misbehavior in the class.

Question 36: Figures of lions and unicorns were carved on the top of the box by the artisans.

Question 37: Because Hoa was born in Doc So craft village, she knows the process of making pottery.

Question 38: Many important historical documents were destroyed when the library was bombed.

Question 39:

- ⇒ As soon as she entered the room, she knew there was something wrong.
- ⇒ She knew there was something wrong as soon as she entered the room.

Question 40:

- ⇒ We decided to take rooms in Longwood House even though we knew we could not afford the rent.
- \Rightarrow Even though we knew we could not afford the rent, we decided to take rooms in Longwood House

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO	ĐỀ ÔN TẬP SỐ 2 KÌ THI TUYỀN	
ĐỀ THI THAM KHẢO (Đề thi có 04 trang)	NĂ <u>M HỌC 201</u> Môn: Tiếng Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút (khôi	Anh
Họ tên thí sinh:	Số báo danh:	Mã đề thi 1

Choose	the word	that has	the underlined	part pronounced	differently.
CHOOSE	the work	tildt lidb	uiic aiiaci iiiica	part promounted	. willer circly .

1.	A. <u>u</u> niform	B. <u>u</u> niversity	C. st <u>u</u> dent	D.				
	c <u>u</u> stomer							
2.	A. economy	B. came	C. computers	D. device				

Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the others.

3. A. explain B. involve C. purpose D. control

4. A. dictation	B. communicate	C. occasion	D. reservation
Choose the word (A, B,	, C or D) that best com	pletes the sentence.	
5 The pencil I v	write is made in China.	-	
A. with which		C. which	D. that
6. Mary was the last app	•		
A. to be interviewed		ng C. to interview	D. to have
interviewed		C	
7. Computer is one of the	e most important	of the 20th centur	V.
A. inventing	•	C. inventions	
8. There mutual \(\text{u}\)			
	B. must to be	C. are	D. must have
been			
9 we save,	we can buy a new ho	ouse.	
A. The much money / th	<u> </u>	B. More money	/ the soon
C. More money / sooner		D. The more mo	
10. Nam studied hard		_,	
A. in order to passing th		B. so that he wi	ll pass the exam
C. in order pass the example of the control of the			will pass the exam
11. When you finish writ			viii puss the exam
A. keep up	• •	•	D. go over
12. If we earlier			ŭ
A. departed / would hav		B. had departed	
C. departed / would arri		-	/ would have arrived
-	at he never thinks of any	-	
A. optimistic		C. pessimistic	D. keen
A. optimistic	b. disappointed	C. pessimistic	D. Keen
Mark the letter A, B, C	or D to indicate the ur	nderlined part that	needs correction in
each of the following qu	uestions		
14. Each of the members	s of the group <u>were</u> made	e <u>to write</u> a report eve	ery <u>week</u> .
		-	
A	В	C	D
15. If you think <u>carefully</u>		cision, you will avoid	
A	В		C D
16. A <u>basic</u> knowledge o	of social studies, such as	history and geograph	
A		В	C
a basic part of the educa	• ——		
M. Lab. Lac. A. D. C	D See Danie Broad all cons		.1 641 . 6.11
Mark the letter A, B, C	or D to indicate the co	orrect response to ea	ich of the following
exchanges.	41.21. 1712.1.2.2.4] 44] 99	
17 Nam : "I don't	-	ra to study "	
	uy: "".		1.1 D.1.1
A. I do too	B. I don't	neither C. Neith	er do I D. I do
either			

18 Duy : "How nice	_	fully!"	
	. "		
A. Thank you. I am happy yo well.	ou like me. B. Tha	ank you. But I don	i't think I did
C. Thank you. But I am not s	o sure. D. Th	ank you. It's very	encouraging.
Mark the letter A, B, C or E	to indicate the word(s) CL	OSEST in meani	ng to the
underlined word(s) in each	of the following questions.		
19. The situation seems to be	changing minute by minute		
A. again and again	B. from time to time	C. very rapidly	D. time
after time.			
20. Human beings are constant	ntly <u>contaminating</u> natural ha	bitats of the wildl	ife.
A. polluting	B. promoting C. desi	troying	D.
protecting			
Mark the letter A, B, C or E	to indicate the word(s) OP	POSITE in mean	ing to the
underlined word(s) in each	of the following questions.		
21. The situation in the country	ry has remained relatively sta	ble for a few mon	ths now.
A. constant	B. objective C. cha	angeable	D. ignorant
22. In big cities, animals show	ıld be kept <u>under control</u> .		
A. out of dispute	B. out of hand C. out	of order	D. out of
discipline			
Read the following passage	and mark the letter A, B, C	or D to indicate t	he correct word
or phrase that best fits each	of the numbered blanks.		
BRIN	GING THE LEARNING O	UTDOORS	
Kindergarten is a fun plac	e (23) young childr	en learn. In some s	special
kindergartens, children learn	outside most of the day!		
Some kindergartens are (2	24) the forest. In these "	forest kindergarter	ns," children
play freely. They're outside in	all kinds of weather. At fores	st kindergartens, c	hildren learn by
climbing trees and picking fru	it. They also learn about and	(25) anim	als. For
example, they collect chicken	eggs and feed baby mice.		
Little Flower Kindergarter	n is in Dong Nai, Vietnam. At	this school, childr	en learn about
farming. They also learn that	it is important (26) heal	thy food. They gre	ow vegetables in
gardens - on the roof! They ea	at the vegetables they grow in	their lunches.	
At Fuji Kindergarten in To	okyo, Japan, trees grow inside	the building! The	classroom
windows and sliding doors (2	7) open to the outside	most of the year.	The roof is a big,
wooden circle. Children love	to play and run on it.		
23. A. which	B. where	C. when	D. why
24. A. in	B. on	C. at	D. by
25. A. take on	B. take over	C. take after	D. take
care of			
26. A. to eat	B. eating	C. ate	D. eaten
27. A. make	B. stay	C. do	D. be

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Last year, we had a nice holiday. My friend and I went to the seaside for a month. I had been to the seaside several times before, but this was the first time for my friend. Naturally, it was the great event for him. Finally, the day came. It was a fine morning. We got up very early because we wanted to leave home after breakfast. We made the journey by car. We reached the seaside at noon. We spent many hours on the beach. We enjoyed making castles and channels in the sand. People said we ought to spend at least a few weeks at the seaside. If we could stay longer, so much the better.

could stay longer, so	much the better.			
27. How long did the	e writer and his friend spend	at the seaside?	?	
A. week	B. A few weeks	C. A month	D. A	A few months
28. Who went to the	seaside the first time			
A. The writer	B. The writer and his friend.	C. The writer.	D. The writ	ter's friend
29. What was the we	eather like on the day they st	arted their jou	rney to the	seaside?
A. It was bad	B. It was rainy	C. It w	as snowy	D. It was
nice.				
30. How did they tra	vel to the seaside?			
A. By car	B. By train	C. By bus	D. B	By air
31. When did they re	each the seaside?			
A. At 8 o'clock	B. At 12 o'clock	C. At 4 p.m	D. A	At 9 p.m
Rewrite the followin	g sentences, using the provid	led word keep	meaning as	that of the
root one.				
33. The garden still no	eeds digging.			
The garden hasn't				
34. Nobody can deny	that she has a beautiful voice.			
It				
35. She and I have ne	ver been there before.			
Neither she nor I				
36. England no longe	r had dreadful fogs.			
There used to be	-			
Complete the second	l sentence so that it has a simi	lar meaning to	the first ser	itence, using

38. Although my parents are busy at work, they try to find time for their children. (AS)

39. My father couldn't go to my sister's wedding party. He was so ill. (SO...THAT)

40. The agreement ended six-month negotiation. It was signed yesterday. (WHICH)

the word in capital

37. She spoke so fast that nobody understood her. (**DID**)

KEYS

SỞ	GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO	ĐỀ ÔN TẬP SỐ 2 KÌ THI TUYỂN	
	ĐỀ THI THAM KHẢO (Đề thi có 04 trang)	NĂ<u>M HỌC 201</u> Môn: Tiếng A Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút (khôr	Anh
Нọ	tên thí sinh:	Số báo danh:	Mã đề thi 1

Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently.

3. A. <u>u</u> nif	orm	B. <u>u</u> niversity	C. st <u>u</u> dent	D.			
c <u>u</u> stom							
		B. <u>c</u> ame		D. devi <u>c</u> e			
	Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the others.						
3. A. explai			C. purpose				
4. A. dictati	on	B. communicate	C. occasion	D. reservation			
		r D) that best comple	tes the sentence.				
-		is made in China.					
A. with wh	ich	B. by which	C. which	D. that			
-	s the last applican						
A. to be int	erviewed	B. to be interviewing	C. to interview	D. to have			
interviewed							
7. Compute	r is one of the mo	st important	of the 20th century.				
A. inventing	g	B. inventories	C. inventions	D. inventors			
8. There	mutual unde	rstanding between friei	nds.				
A. must b	e	B. must to be	C. are	D. must have			
been							
9 v	ve save,v	ve can buy a new house	e.				
	ch money / the les		B. More money / the	soon			
C. More m	oney / sooner		D. The more money				
	idied hard		·				
	to passing the ex		B. so that he will pa	ass the exam			
	pass the exam		D. so as that he will p				
11. When you finish writing, you should your composition.							
	-	you should yo	our composition.				
11. When y	ou finish writing,		-	D. go over			
11. When y A. keep up	ou finish writing,	B. look on	C. pass away	D. go over			
11. When y A. keep up 12. If we	ou finish writing, earlier in the	B. look on ne morning, we	C. pass away at the village now.	C			
11. When y A. keep up 12. If we A. departed	ou finish writing, earlier in the discountry of the control of th	B. look on ne morning, we	C. pass away at the village now. B. had departed / w	ould arrive			
11. When y A. keep up 12. If we A. departed C. departed	ou finish writing, earlier in the distriction of t	B. look on ne morning, we	C. pass away at the village now. B. had departed / w D. had departed / wo	ould arrive uld have arrived			
11. When y A. keep up 12. If we A. departed C. departed 13. Peter is	ou finish writing, earlier in the discount of	B. look on ne morning, weived never thinks of anything	C. pass away at the village now. B. had departed / w D. had departed / wo ng bad and unsuccessform	ould arrive uld have arrived ul.			
11. When y A. keep up 12. If we A. departed C. departed	ou finish writing, earlier in the discount of	B. look on ne morning, we	C. pass away at the village now. B. had departed / w D. had departed / wo	ould arrive uld have arrived			
11. When y A. keep up 12. If we A. departed C. departed 13. Peter is A. optimist	ou finish writing, earlier in the discount of	B. look on ne morning, weived never thinks of anythin B. disappointed	C. pass away at the village now. B. had departed / w D. had departed / wo ng bad and unsuccessfor C. pessimistic	ould arrive uld have arrived ul. D. keen			
11. When y A. keep up 12. If we A. departed C. departed 13. Peter is A. optimist	ou finish writing, earlier in the defendance arm of the defendance are defendance a	B. look on ne morning, weived never thinks of anythin B. disappointed Description to indicate the under the control of	C. pass away at the village now. B. had departed / w D. had departed / wo ng bad and unsuccessfor C. pessimistic	ould arrive uld have arrived ul. D. keen			
11. When y A. keep up 12. If we A. departed C. departed 13. Peter is A. optimist Mark the leach of the	ou finish writing, earlier in the discount of	B. look on me morning, we ived never thinks of anything B. disappointed D to indicate the under	C. pass away at the village now. B. had departed / w D. had departed / wo ng bad and unsuccessfor C. pessimistic erlined part that need	ould arrive uld have arrived ul. D. keen s correction in			
11. When y A. keep up 12. If we A. departed C. departed 13. Peter is A. optimist Mark the leach of the	ou finish writing, earlier in the discount of	B. look on ne morning, weived never thinks of anythin B. disappointed Description to indicate the under the control of	C. pass away at the village now. B. had departed / w D. had departed / wo ng bad and unsuccessfor C. pessimistic erlined part that need	ould arrive uld have arrived ul. D. keen s correction in			
11. When y A. keep up 12. If we A. departed C. departed 13. Peter is A. optimist Mark the leach of the	ou finish writing, earlier in the discount of	B. look on me morning, we ived never thinks of anything B. disappointed D to indicate the under	C. pass away at the village now. B. had departed / w D. had departed / wo ng bad and unsuccessfor C. pessimistic erlined part that need	ould arrive uld have arrived ul. D. keen s correction in			
11. When y A. keep up 12. If we A. departed C. departed 13. Peter is A. optimist Mark the leach of the 14. Each of	ou finish writing, earlier in the discount of the members of the country of the	B. look on me morning, we ived never thinks of anything B. disappointed Department to indicate the under the group were made to B (was)	C. pass away at the village now. B. had departed / w D. had departed / wo ng bad and unsuccessfor C. pessimistic erlined part that need write a report every w C	ould arrive uld have arrived ul. D. keen s correction in			
11. When y A. keep up 12. If we A. departed C. departed 13. Peter is A. optimist Mark the leach of the 14. Each of	ou finish writing, earlier in the discount of the members of the country of the	B. look on he morning, we ived never thinks of anythin B. disappointed D to indicate the under ons he group were made to	C. pass away at the village now. B. had departed / w D. had departed / wo ng bad and unsuccessfor C. pessimistic erlined part that need write a report every w C ton, you will avoid to g	ould arrive uld have arrived ul. D. keen s correction in veek. D get into trouble later.			
11. When y A. keep up 12. If we A. departed C. departed 13. Peter is A. optimist Mark the leach of the 14. Each of	ou finish writing, earlier in the description of the members of the carefully before the control of the carefully before the members of the carefully before the carefully befor	B. look on me morning, we ived ived never thinks of anything B. disappointed Description to indicate the under the group were made to B (was) ore making your decision in the morning in the property of the property o	C. pass away at the village now. B. had departed / w D. had departed / wo ng bad and unsuccessfor C. pessimistic erlined part that need write a report every w C ton, you will avoid to g	ould arrive uld have arrived ul. D. keen s correction in			
11. When y A. keep up 12. If we A. departed C. departed 13. Peter is A. optimist Mark the leach of the 14. Each of 15. If you the	ou finish writing, earlier in the defendance are defended as o that he defended as o	B. look on the morning, we ived to indicate the under the group were made to B (was) ore making your decisions.	C. pass away at the village now. B. had departed / w D. had departed / wo ng bad and unsuccessfor C. pessimistic erlined part that need write a report every w C on, you will avoid to g	ould arrive uld have arrived ul. D. keen s correction in veek. D get into trouble later. C (getting)			
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Mark the letter A	A, B, C or D to indicate the con	rrect resp	onse to each of t	he following
exchanges.				
17 Nam : "I	don't think English is too har	rd to stud	ly "	
	- Huy: "".			
A. I do too	B. I don't r	either	C. Neither do l	I D.
I do either				
18 Duy : "	How nice! You performed	so beauti	fully!"	
	- Huong: "".			
A. Thank you. I a	m happy you like me.	B. Th	ank you. But I do	n't think I did
well.				
C. Thank you. Bu	it I am not so sure.	D. Th	ıank you. It's vei	ry encouraging.
Mark the letter A	A, B, C or D to indicate the wo	rd(s) CL	OSEST in mean	ing to the
underlined word	(s) in each of the following qu	estions.		
19. The situation s	seems to be changing minute b	<u>y minute</u>		
A. again and agair	B. from tim	e to time	C. very rapidly	D. time
after time.				
20. Human beings	are constantly contaminating	natural ha	abitats of the wild	life.
A. polluting	B. promoting	C. des	troying	D.
protecting				
Mark the letter A	A, B, C or D to indicate the wo	rd(s) OP	POSITE in mean	ning to the
underlined word	(s) in each of the following qu	estions.		
21. The situation i	n the country has remained rela	itively <u>sta</u>	ible for a few mor	nths now.
A. constant	B. objective	C. ch	angeable	D. ignorant
22. In big cities, an	nimals should be kept <mark>under co</mark>	ontrol.		
A. out of dispute	B. out of hand		C. out of order	D. out of
discipline				
Read the following	ng passage and mark the lette	r A, B, C	or D to indicate	the correct word
or phrase that be	st fits each of the numbered b	olanks.		
	BRINGING THE LEAR	NING O	UTDOORS	
Kindergarten i	s a fun place (23) you	ang childr	en learn. In some	special
kindergartens, chi	ldren learn outside most of the	day!		
Some kinderga	artens are (24) the forest.	In these '	'forest kindergarte	ens," children
play freely. They'r	re outside in all kinds of weathe	r. At fore	st kindergartens,	children learn by
climbing trees and	l picking fruit. They also learn a	about and	(25) anin	nals. For
example, they coll	lect chicken eggs and feed baby	mice.		
Little Flower K	Kindergarten is in Dong Nai, Vi	etnam. At	this school, child	lren learn about
farming. They also	o learn that it is important (26)_	hea	lthy food. They g	row vegetables in
gardens - on the ro	oof! They eat the vegetables the	y grow in	their lunches.	
At Fuji Kinder	garten in Tokyo, Japan, trees gr	ow inside	the building! The	e classroom
windows and slidi	ng doors (27) open to the	ne outside	most of the year.	The roof is a big,
	ildren love to play and run on i		-	-
23. A. which	B. where		C. when	D. why
24. A. in	B. on		C. at	D. by

25. A. take on	B. take over	C. take after	D. take	
care of	- ·	~	_	
26. A. to eat	B. eating	C. ate	D. eaten	
27. A. make	B. stay	C. do	D. be	
	ssage and mark the letter	A, B, C or D to indica	ite the correct	
answer to each of the o	•		4 71 11	
•	e holiday. My friend and I w			
	mes before, but this was the	•	• ,	
· ·	Finally, the day came. It was	ŭ		
	eave home after breakfast. V	• •	•	
	spent many hours on the be	• •	•	
could stay longer, so mu	ople said we ought to spend	i at least a few weeks a	it the seasite. If we	
•	vriter and his friend spend	at the coeside?		
_	3. A few weeks	C. A month	D. A few months	
28. Who went to the se		C. A monu	D. A lew monuis	
	3. The writer and his friend.	C The writer D Th	ne writer's friend	
	ther like on the day they st			
A. It was bad	B. It was rainy	C. It was snow		
nice.		2. 2		
30. How did they trave	el to the seaside?			
A. By car	B. By train	C. By bus	D. By air	
31. When did they read	•	J	•	
A. At 8 o'clock	B. At 12 o'clock	C. At 4 p.m	D. At 9 p.m	
Rewrite the following	sentences, using the provid	-	ng as that of the	
root one.		_		
33. The garden still need	ds digging.			
The garden hasn't				
•	at she has a beautiful voice.			
It				
35. She and I have neve	r been there before.			
Neither she nor I				
36. England no longer h	ad dreadful fogs.			
There used to be				
Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using				
the word in capital				
37. She spoke so fast the	at nobody understood her. (DID)		
••••				
38. Although my parent	s are busy at work, they try	to find time for their c	children. (AS)	
39. My father couldn't go to my sister's wedding party. He was so ill. (SOTHAT)				
40. The agreement ended six-month negotiation. It was signed yesterday. (WHICH)				
40. The agreement ende	a six-month negotiation. It	was signed yesterday.	(WHICH)	